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18MATDIP31

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Additional Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Express $\frac{(3+i)(1-3i)}{(2+i)}$ in the form $x + iy$. (06 Marks)
- b. If $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{c} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j}$. Find the value of 'p' such that $\vec{a} - p\vec{b}$ is perpendicular to \vec{c} . (07 Marks)
- c. Find the angle between the vector $\vec{a} = 5\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$. (07 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Find the modulus and amplitude of the complex number $1 + \cos\alpha + i \sin\alpha$. (06 Marks)
- b. Prove that $\left(\frac{1 + \cos\theta + i \sin\theta}{1 + \cos\theta - i \sin\theta}\right)^n = \cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta$. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the sine of the angle between $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. (07 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Find the n^{th} derivative of $\cos x \cos 2x$. (06 Marks)
- b. Obtain the Maclaurin's series expansion of the function $\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x}$ upto the term containing x^4 . (07 Marks)
- c. If $u = f(y - z, z - x, x - y)$ prove that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$. (07 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. If $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y}\right)$ prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$. (06 Marks)
- b. If $z = xy^2 + x^2y$ where $x = at^2$ and $y = 2at$. Find $\frac{dz}{dt}$. (07 Marks)
- c. If $x = e^u \sec v$, $y = e^u \tan v$. Find $J\left(\frac{x, y}{u, v}\right)$. (07 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = \cos 2t\hat{i} + \sin 2t\hat{j} + t\hat{k}$ where t is the time variable. Determine the components of velocity and acceleration vectors at $t = \pi/8$ in the direction of $\sqrt{2}\hat{i} + \sqrt{2}\hat{j} + \hat{k}$. (06 Marks)
- b. Find $\text{div } \vec{f}$ for $\vec{f} = \nabla(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$. (07 Marks)
- c. Show that $\vec{f} = (2xy + z^2)\hat{i} + (x^2 + 2yz)\hat{j} + (y^2 + 2xz)\hat{k}$ is irrotational and find ϕ such that $\vec{f} = \nabla\phi$. (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Find the unit normal to the surface $x^3y^3z^2 = 4$ at the point $P(-1, -1, 2)$. (06 Marks)
- b. If $\vec{f} = 2x^2\hat{i} - 3yz\hat{j} + xz^2\hat{k}$ and $\phi = 2z - x^3y$, find $\vec{f} \cdot (\nabla\phi)$ and $\vec{f} \times (\nabla\phi)$ at $(1, -1, 1)$. (07 Marks)
- c. Show that $\vec{f} = \frac{x\hat{i} + y\hat{j}}{x^2 + y^2}$ is both solenoidal and irrotational. (07 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Obtain a reduction formula for $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n x \, dx$ ($n > 0$). (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate $\int_0^{2a} x^2 \sqrt{2ax - x^2} \, dx$. (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$. (07 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Obtain a reduction formula for $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x \, dx$ ($n > 0$). (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate $\iint_R xy \, dx \, dy$ where R is the first quadrant of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$. (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^z \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x + y + z) \, dy \, dx \, dz$. (07 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Solve $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy - x + 1 = 0$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $(3x^2y^2 + x^2)dx + (2x^3y + y^2)dy = 0$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $3x(x + y^2)dy + (x^3 - 3xy - 2y^3)dx = 0$. (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Solve $\left[y \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) + \cos y \right] dx + [x + \log x - x \sin y] dy = 0$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \sin x$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = y^2x$. (07 Marks)
